

Complete NLO corrections to top-quark pair production with isolated photons

MALGORZATA WOREK



INSTEAD OF INTRODUCTION

- Latest theoretical results for $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$
 - Not only are they impressive, but there are plenty of them
- Tell story, hopefully interesting one
 - Based on many years of work & development of **HELAC-NLO**
 - *Processes with top-quark decays* → *Phenomenological results*
 - Various results for $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$ & $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$
- **NLO QCD & COMPLETE NLO**

MY GOAL

- Identify which effects are important & should be included
- Give a few examples for **NLO QCD** results for $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$ & $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$
- Present **Complete NLO** results for $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$ & $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$ → Discuss approximated results
- Vital for
 - SM studies in top-quark sector
 - BSM searches in top-quark sector
 - SM Higgs boson measurements → $pp \rightarrow ttH$ ($H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)
- *(Biased) Selection* → Only (my) latest results → **ONLY LHC**



OUTLINE

FOCUS OF THIS TALK:

- Top-quark pair production with isolated photons: $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$ & $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$
 - Top-quark decay channel → *di-lepton* decay channel
 - Modelling of unstable t & W bosons → $2 \rightarrow 7$ & $2 \rightarrow 8$ in NWA
- **NLO QCD** → QCD corrections & photon radiation included in production & decays
- **Complete NLO** → QCD & EW corrections & photon radiation included in production & decays
- NLO QCD results for $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$
 - Results in NWA available also for *l+jets* decay channel

Bevilacqua, Hartanto, Kraus, Weber, Worek, JHEP 10 (2018) 158

Bevilacqua, Hartanto, Kraus, Weber, Worek, JHEP 03 (2020) 154

Stremmer, Worek, JHEP 08 (2023) 179

Stremmer, Worek e-Print: 2403.03796 [hep-ph]

ADDITIONAL RESULTS WITH HELAC-NLO NOT DISCUSSED DURING THIS TALK

- NLO QCD results for $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$
 - Full off-shell predictions for *di-lepton* decay channel
 - Compared to ATLAS data

Bevilacqua, Hartanto, Kraus, Weber, Worek, JHEP 10 (2018) 158

INSTEAD OF INTRODUCTION → EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$

- $tt\gamma$ has been observed @ LHC @ 7 TeV by ATLAS
- Both ATLAS and CMS have observed $tt\gamma$ @ LHC @ 8 TeV & 13 TeV
- No significant deviations from SM predictions have been found
 - Measured cross sections are larger than theoretical predictions
 - Differential cross-section distributions described rather well by NLO theory predictions
 - Measurements in $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$ process have also been interpreted in framework of SMEFT
 - Measurement of top-quark charge asymmetry in $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$ has recently been performed by ATLAS

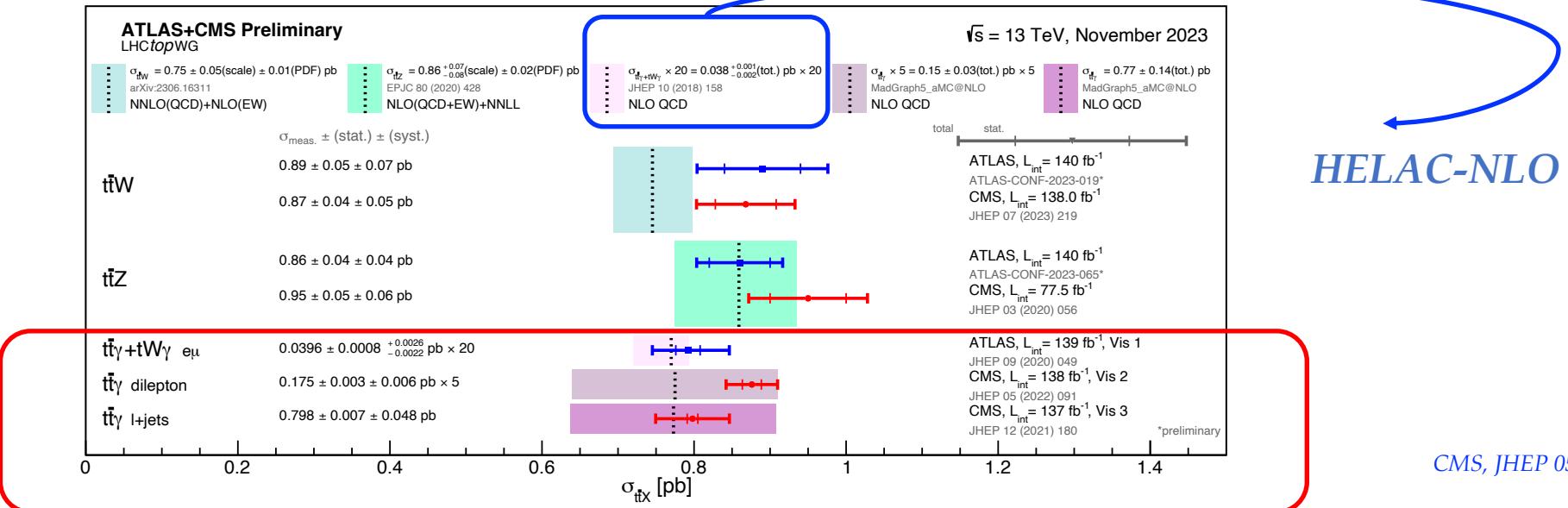
$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$

- No observation for QCD $pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$ process @ LHC yet
- Observation of $pp \rightarrow ttH \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$

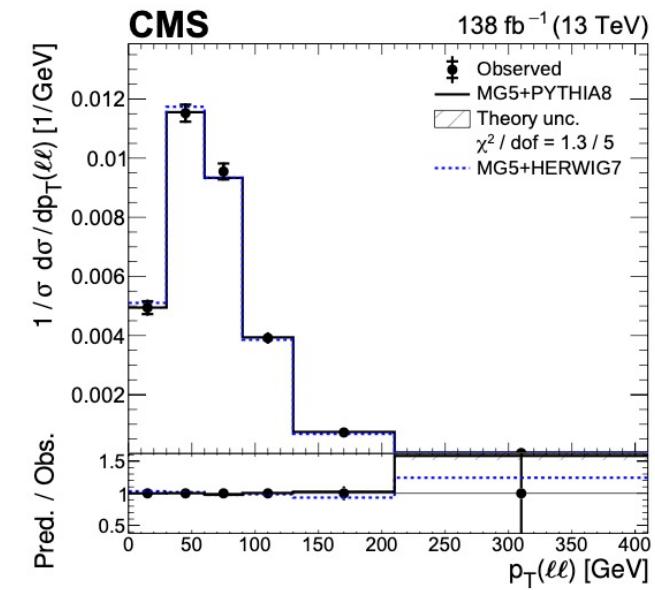
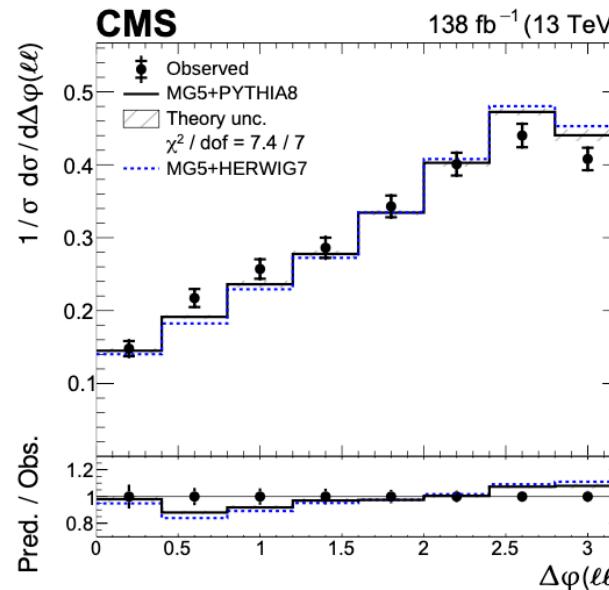
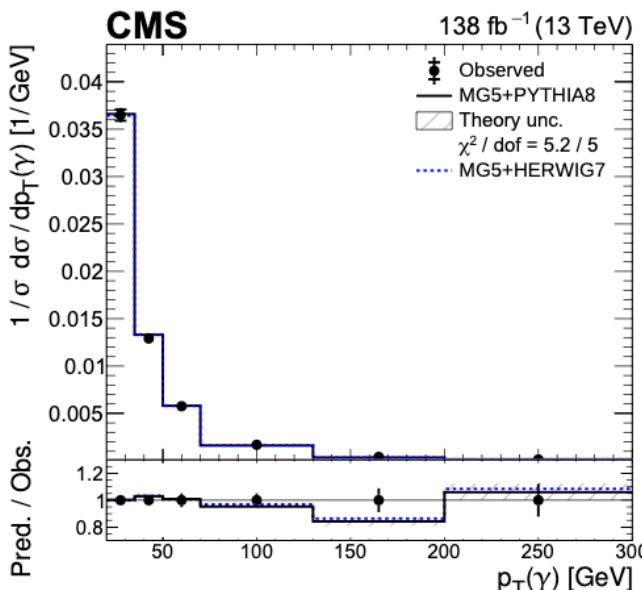
ATLAS, Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 (2020) 061802
CMS, Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 (2020) 061801

INSTEAD OF INTRODUCTION → EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma @ LHC_{13TeV}$



CMS, JHEP 05 (2022) 091

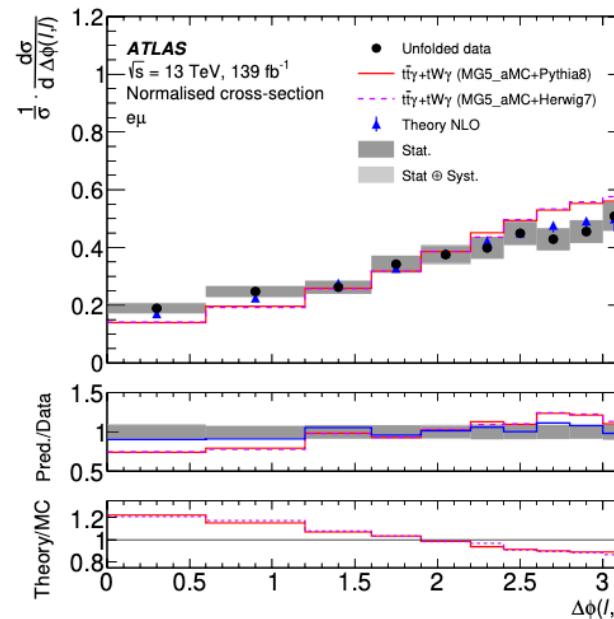
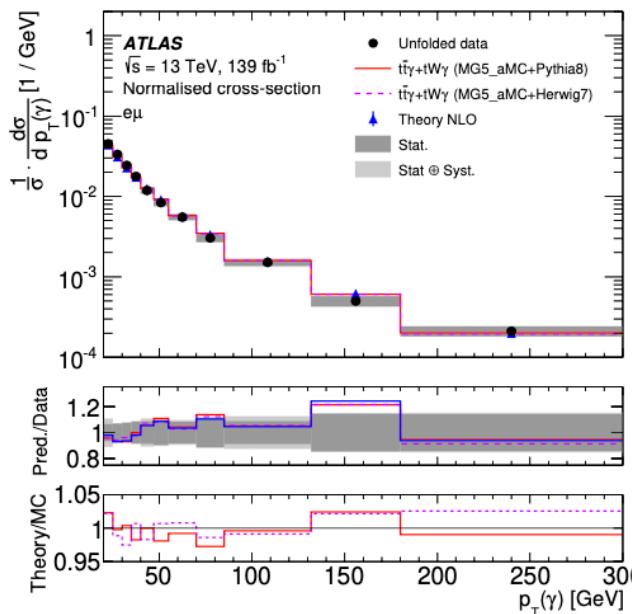


INSTEAD OF INTRODUCTION → EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

HELAC-NLO

Predictions	$p_T(\gamma)$	$ \eta(\gamma) $	$\Delta R(\gamma, \ell)_{\min}$	$\Delta\phi(\ell, \ell)$	$ \Delta\eta(\ell, \ell) $	
	χ^2/ndf	$p\text{-value}$	χ^2/ndf	$p\text{-value}$	χ^2/ndf	$p\text{-value}$
$t\bar{t}\gamma + tW\gamma$ (MG5_aMC+PYTHIA8)	6.3/10	0.79	7.3/7	0.40	20.1/9	0.02
$t\bar{t}\gamma + tW\gamma$ (MG5_aMC+HERWIG7)	5.3/10	0.87	7.7/7	0.36	18.9/9	0.03
Theory NLO	6.0/10	0.82	4.5/7	0.72	13.5/9	0.14

χ^2/ndf and p -values between measured normalised cross-sections and various predictions from MC simulations and NLO calculation



Category	Uncertainty
$t\bar{t}\gamma/tW\gamma$ modelling	3.8%
Background modelling	2.1%
Photons	1.9%
Luminosity	1.8%
Jets	1.6%
Pile-up	1.3%
Leptons	1.1%
Flavour-tagging	1.1%
MC statistics	0.4%
Soft term E_T^{miss}	0.2%
$tW\gamma$ parton definition	2.8%
Total syst.	6.3%

ATLAS, JHEP 09 (2020) 049

THEORETICAL PREDICTIONS

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma$

PREDICTIONS WITH STABLE TOP QUARKS

- NLO QCD corrections
- NLO EW corrections → Significant effects in high energy region due to EW Sudakov effect
- *Complete NLO predictions*
- Approximate NNLO with soft-gluon corrections added to NLO (QCD + EW)

*Duan, Ma, Zhang, Han, Guo, Wang, Phys. Rev. D 80 (2009) 014022
Duan, Zhang, Ma, Han, Guo, Wang, Chin. Phys. Lett. 28 (2011) 111401
Maltoni, Pagani, Tsinikos, JHEP 02 (2016) 113*

Duan, Zhang, Wang, Song, Li, Phys. Lett. B 766 (2017) 102

Pagani, Shao, Tsinikos, Zaro, JHEP 09 (2021) 155

Kidonakis, Tonero, Phys. Rev. D 107 (2023) 034013

THEORETICAL PREDICTIONS

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$

PREDICTIONS WITH TOP-QUARK DECAYS

- NLO QCD predictions matched with parton shower programs
 - Top-quark decays treated in parton-shower approximation omitting spin correlations & photon emission in parton-shower evolution

Kardos, Trocsanyi, JHEP 05 (2015) 090

- NLO QCD with decays in NWA
 - Double-resonant top-quark contributions + unstable t & W restricted to on-shell states
 - NLO spin correlations & photon radiation off charged top-quark decay products

*Melnikov, Schulze, Scharf, Phys. Rev. D 83 (2011) 074013
Bevilacqua, Hartanto, Kraus, Weber, Worek, JHEP 03 (2020) 154*

- NLO QCD with full off-shell effects
 - Double-, single- & non-resonant contributions + interference effects + Breit-Wigner propagators
 - NLO spin correlations & photon radiation off charged top-quark decay products

Bevilacqua, Hartanto, Kraus, Weber, Worek, JHEP 10 (2018) 158

- *Complete NLO predictions in NWA*

Stremmer, Worek e-Print: 2403.03796 [hep-ph]

THEORETICAL PREDICTIONS

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$

PREDICTIONS WITH STABLE TOP QUARKS

- NLO QCD corrections

*Alwall, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Mattelaer, Shao, Stelzer, Torrielli, Zaro, JHEP 07 (2014) 079
Maltoni, Pagani, Tsinikos, JHEP 02 (2016) 113*

- NLO EW corrections

Pagani, Shao, Tsinikos, Zaro, JHEP 09 (2021) 155

PREDICTIONS WITH TOP-QUARK DECAYS

- NLO QCD predictions matched with parton shower programs omitting spin correlations & photon emission in parton-shower evolution or with LO spin correlations only

*Kardos, Trocsanyi, Nucl. Phys. B 897 (2015) 717
Deurzen, Frederix, Hirschi, Luisoni, Mastrolia, Ossola, Eur. Phys. J. C 76 (2016) 221*

- NLO QCD with decays in NWA

Stremmer, Worek, JHEP 08 (2023) 179

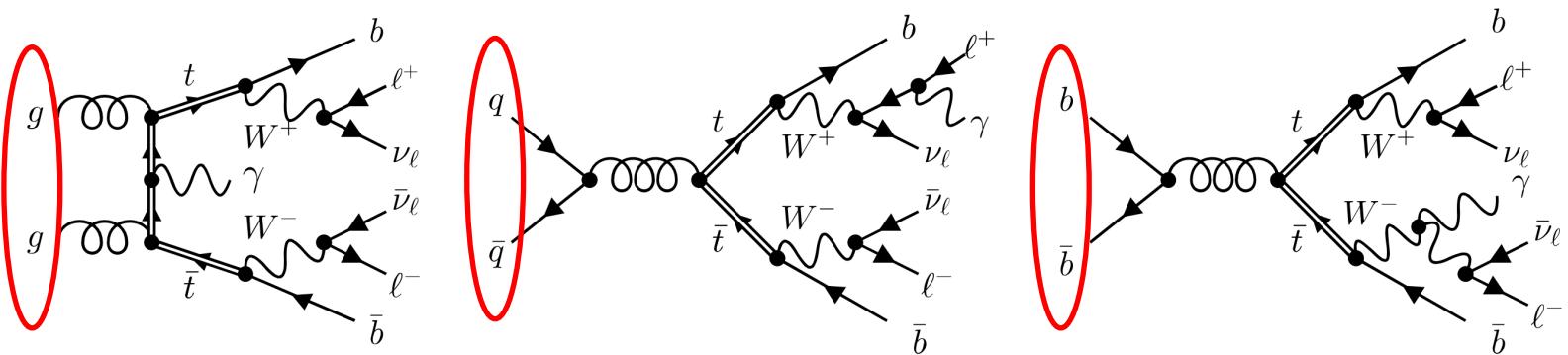
- *Complete NLO predictions in NWA*

Stremmer, Worek e-Print: 2403.03796 [hep-ph]

DEFINITION OF LO₁

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\ell\bar{\nu}(\gamma)$

- **LO₁:** Dominant contributions at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^{4+n_\gamma})$ where n_γ is number of photons appearing in Born-level process



- Typical QCD production of top-quark pair with photons, which leads to the following partonic subprocesses

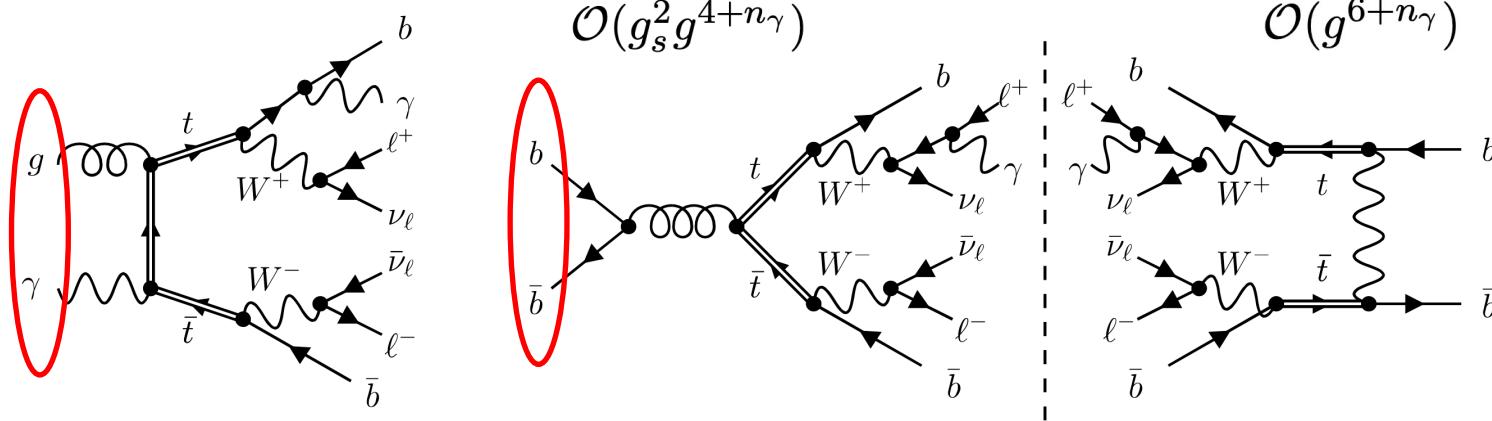
$$gg \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b\bar{b} \gamma(\gamma),$$

$$q\bar{q}/\bar{q}q \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b\bar{b} \gamma(\gamma), \quad b\bar{b}/\bar{b}b \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b\bar{b} \gamma(\gamma),$$

DEFINITION OF LO₂

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma(\gamma)$

- **LO₂:** Contributions at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^1 \alpha^{5+n_\gamma})$

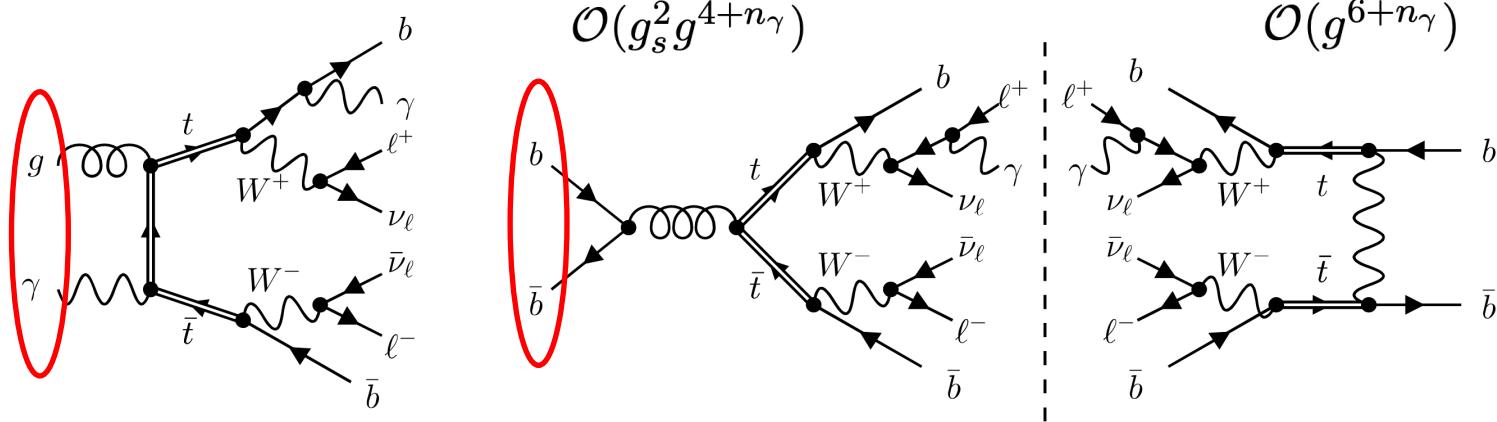


- Interference between gluon mediated diagrams with Z/γ mediated ones vanishes due to colour for qq initial state → Its NLO QCD corrections no longer vanish
- Interference does not vanish for bb due to t -channel diagrams with intermediate W boson
- When CKM matrix is not diagonal these contributions for qq initial state can also be non-zero but are CKM-suppressed

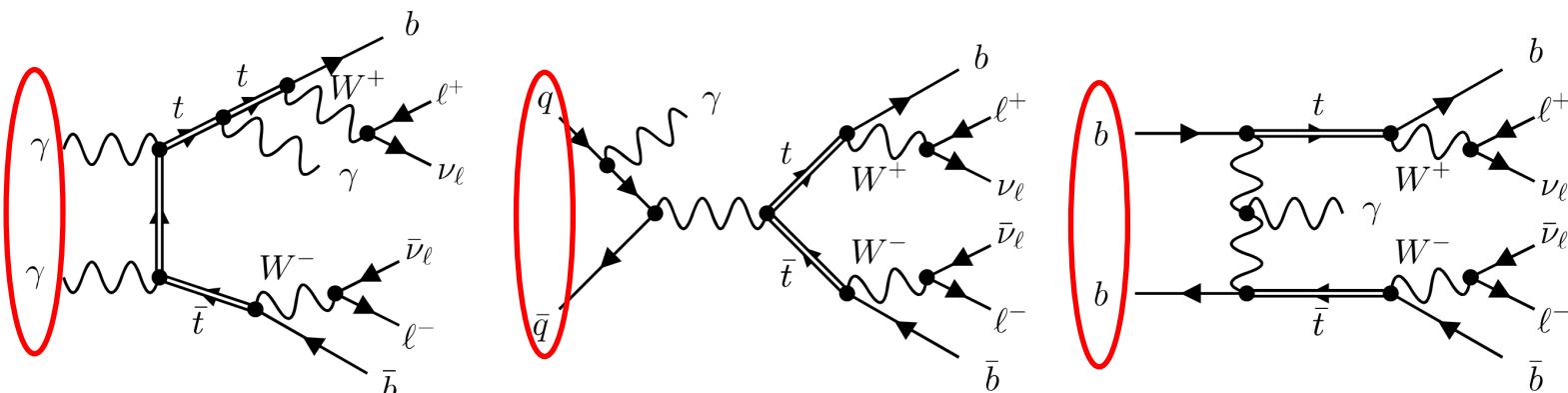
DEFINITION OF LO₂ & LO₃

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma(\gamma)$

- **LO₂:** Contributions at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^1 \alpha^{5+n_\gamma})$



- **LO₃:** Purely EW induced production of top-quark pair at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^{6+n_\gamma})$
 - Suppressed by power coupling & without gluon PDFs



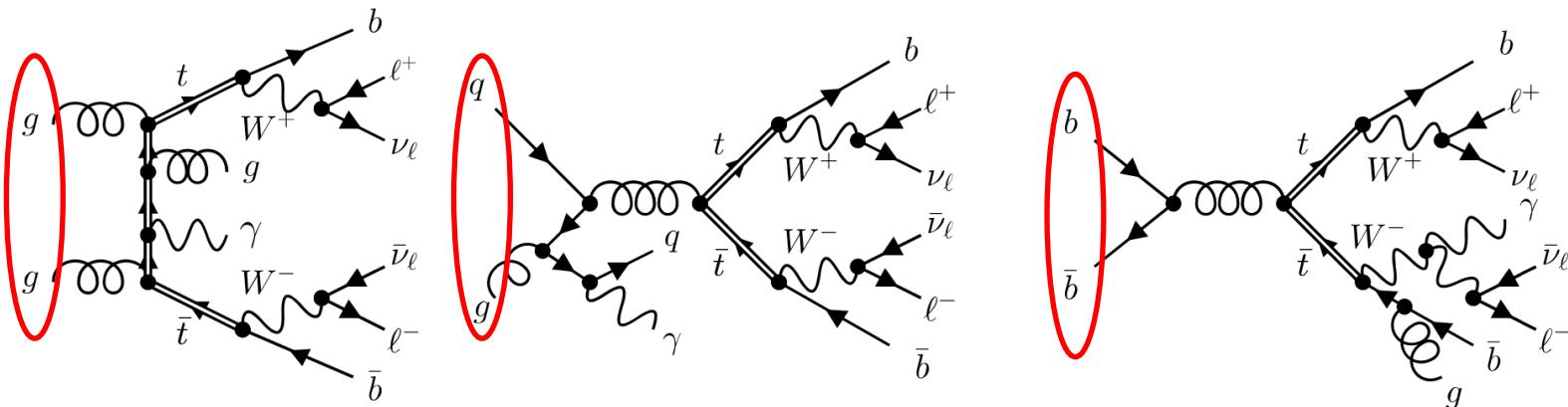
- Interference between gluon mediated diagrams with Z/γ mediated ones vanishes due to colour for qq initial state \rightarrow Its NLO QCD corrections no longer vanish
- Interference does not vanish for bb due to t -channel diagrams with intermediate W boson
- When CKM matrix is not diagonal these contributions for qq initial state can also be non-zero but are CKM-suppressed

$$\text{LO} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{LO}_2 + \text{LO}_3$$

DEFINITION OF NLO₁

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma(\gamma)$

- **NLO₁**: Dominant higher-order corrections at NLO arise from QCD corrections to **LO₁** at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3 \alpha^{4+n_\gamma})$



- With following partonic subprocesses

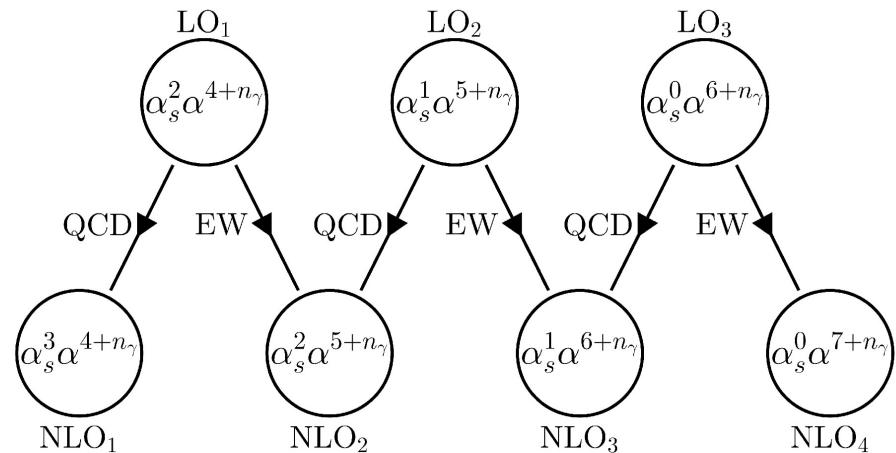
$$\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{NLO}_1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 gg &\rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b \bar{b} \gamma(\gamma) g , \\
 q\bar{q}/\bar{q}q &\rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b \bar{b} \gamma(\gamma) g , \quad b\bar{b}/\bar{b}b \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b \bar{b} \gamma(\gamma) g , \\
 gq/qg &\rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b \bar{b} \gamma(\gamma) q , \quad g\bar{q}/\bar{q}g \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b \bar{b} \gamma(\gamma) \bar{q} , \\
 gb/bg &\rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b \bar{b} \gamma(\gamma) b , \quad g\bar{b}/\bar{b}g \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell b \bar{b} \gamma(\gamma) \bar{b} .
 \end{aligned}$$

DEFINITION OF NLO_2 & NLO_3 & NLO_4

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma(\gamma)$

- **NLO₂ & NLO₃:** cannot be completely separated into parts with only QCD or EW corrections
- **NLO₄:** NLO EW corrections to **LO₃**



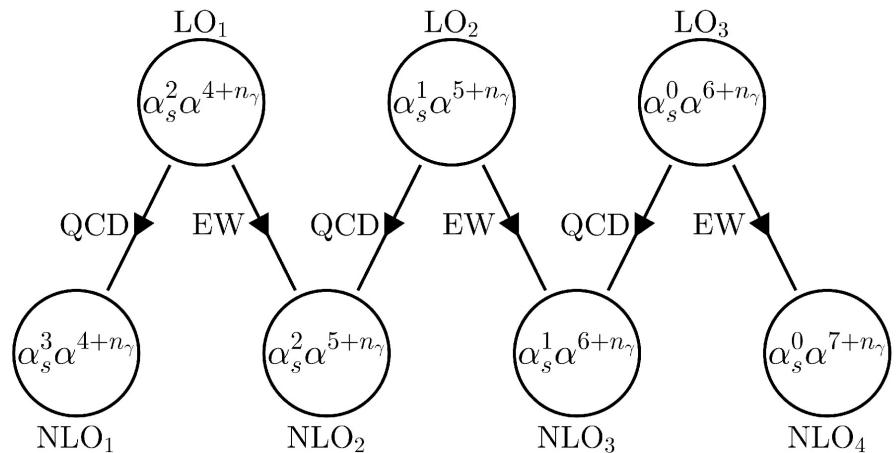
- **NLO₂ @ $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^{5+n_\gamma})$**
 - **NLO EW** corrections to **LO₁**
 - **NLO QCD** corrections to **LO₂**

$$\text{NLO} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{LO}_2 + \text{LO}_3 + \text{NLO}_1 + \text{NLO}_2 + \text{NLO}_3 + \text{NLO}_4$$

DEFINITION OF NLO_2 & NLO_3 & NLO_4

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma(\gamma)$

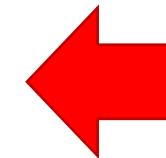
- **NLO₂ & NLO₃:** cannot be completely separated into parts with only QCD or EW corrections
- **NLO₄:** NLO EW corrections to **LO₃**



$$\text{NLO} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{LO}_2 + \text{LO}_3 + \text{NLO}_1 + \text{NLO}_2 + \text{NLO}_3 + \text{NLO}_4$$

- **NLO₂ @ $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^{5+n_\gamma})$**
 - **NLO EW** corrections to **LO₁**
 - **NLO QCD** corrections to **LO₂**

$$\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD+EW}} \equiv \text{LO}_1 + \text{NLO}_1 + \text{NLO}_2$$

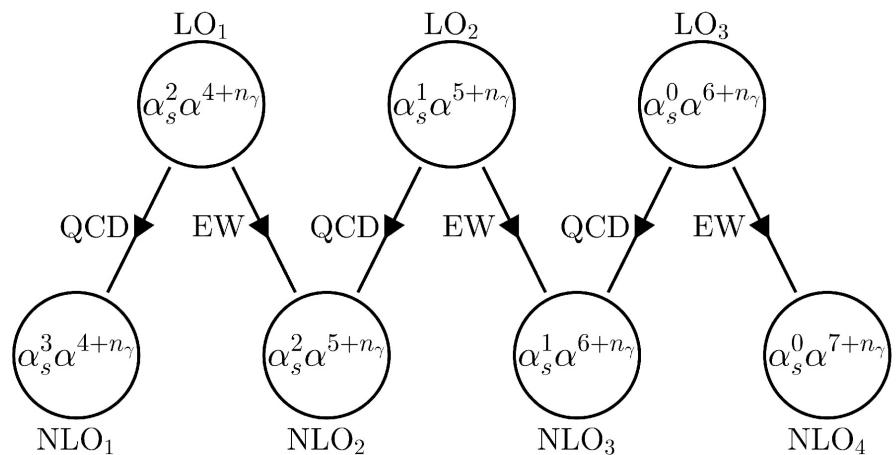


WE INCLUDE ALL
CONTRIBUTIONS

DEFINITION OF NLO_2 & NLO_3 & NLO_4

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma(\gamma)$

- **NLO₂ & NLO₃:** cannot be completely separated into parts with only QCD or EW corrections
- **NLO₄:** NLO EW corrections to **LO₃**



- **NLO₂ @ $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^{5+n_\gamma})$**
 - **NLO EW** corrections to **LO₁**
 - **NLO QCD** corrections to **LO₂**

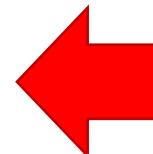
$$\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD+EW}} \equiv \text{LO}_1 + \text{NLO}_1 + \text{NLO}_2$$

$$\text{NLO} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{LO}_2 + \text{LO}_3 + \text{NLO}_1 + \text{NLO}_2 + \text{NLO}_3 + \text{NLO}_4$$

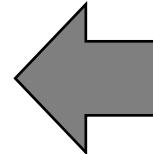
$$\text{NLO}_{\text{prd}} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{LO}_2 + \text{LO}_3 + \text{NLO}_1 + \text{NLO}_{2,\text{prd}} + \text{NLO}_{3,\text{prd}} + \text{NLO}_{4,\text{prd}}$$

NLO_{prd} → photon bremsstrahlung & subleading NLO corrections in production only
 → **NLO₂ & NLO₃ & NLO₄** approximated
 → **LO & NLO₁** complete

WE INCLUDE ALL CONTRIBUTIONS



BUT WE ALSO LOOK AT APPROXIMATION



COMPUTATIONAL FRAMEWORK

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma(\gamma)$

VIRTUAL CORRECTIONS: HELAC-1LOOP & RECOLA+COLLIER

Actis, Denner, Hofer, Lang, Scharf, Uccirati, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* 214 (2017) 140
Denner, Lang, Uccirati, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* 224 (2018) 346

- Modifications in **RECOLA**
 - Partially unweighted events at Born used to calculate 1-loop corrections via reweighting techniques
 - Random polarisation method
 - Reduction to scalar integrals with OPP method with **CUTTOOLS & ONELOOP**
- α^n split into $\alpha_{G_\mu}^{n-n_\gamma} \alpha(0)^{n_\gamma} \rightarrow n_\gamma = 1 \text{ or } 2$
 - α set to α_{G_μ} first & rescaled $(\alpha(0)/\alpha_{G_\mu})^{n_\gamma} \rightarrow \sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma} \& \sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma}$ reduced by 3% & 7%
 - Renormalisation in mixed scheme
 - ✓ First performed renormalisation of all powers of α in G_μ scheme
 - ✓ Changed for $\alpha(0)^{n_\gamma}$ by introducing new counterterm

REAL EMISSION: HELAC-DIPOLES

- Two NLO QCD subtraction schemes: Catani-Seymour & Nagy-Soper
 - Soft and collinear singularities of QCD origin
 - Extended to include soft and collinear singularities of QED origin
 - Extended to perform NLO QCD & EW calculations in NWA \rightarrow Internal on-shell resonances

HELAC-NLO

Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau, *Nucl. Phys. B* 763 (2007) 147
Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau, *JHEP* 03 (2008) 042

Bevilacqua, Czakon, Garzelli, van Hameren, Kardos,
Papadopoulos, Pittau, Worek,
Comput.Phys.Commun. 184 (2013) 986

HELAC-NLO

van Hameren, Papadopoulos, Pittau,
JHEP 09 (2009) 106

HELAC-1LOOP

CUTTOOLS

HELAC-DIPOLES

ONELOOP

van Hameren, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* 182 (2011) 2427

van Hameren, *e-Print:* 1003.4953 [hep-ph]

KALEU

Czakon, Papadopoulos, Worek, *JHEP* 08 (2009) 085
Bevilacqua, Czakon, Kubocz, Worek, *JHEP* 10 (2013) 204

- **BOTH FULL OFF-SHELL & NWA → OUTPUT**

- Predictions stored as partially unweighted “events” → *ROOT-Ntuples Files & Les Houches Files*
- Each “event” provided with supplementary matrix element & PDF information
- Results for different scale settings & PDF choices by can be obtained by reweighting
- Different observables and/or binning can be provided + more exclusive cuts → With caveat

- Inclusive cuts
- *NLO NNPDF3.1luxQED PDF* → When both higher-order QCD and EW corrections & γ -initiated subprocesses are considered
- IR-safe *anti- k_T jet algorithm* with $R=0.4$
- Smooth photon isolation prescription → Event is rejected unless condition below is fulfilled

S. Frixione, Phys. Lett. B429 (1998) 369

$$\sum_i E_{T,i} \Theta(R - R_{\gamma i}) \leq \epsilon_\gamma E_{T,\gamma} \left(\frac{1 - \cos(R)}{1 - \cos(R_{\gamma j})} \right)^n$$

for all $R \leq R_{\gamma j}$ with $R_{\gamma j} = 0.4$ and $\epsilon_\gamma = n = 1$.

- Parameters n & ϵ_γ not restricted by any constraints
- Arbitrarily soft radiation inside cone around isolated photon allowed → Collinear ($R \rightarrow 0$) radiation forbidden → Collinear splittings associated with fragmentation functions removed → Fixed cone isolation prescription applied in experimental analyses no longer reproduced

SMOOTH PHOTON ISOLATION PRESCRIPTION

Stremmer, Worek, JHEP 08 (2023) 179

NLO QCD

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$

$n = 1$	$\sigma_{\text{Full}}^{\text{NLO}}$ [fb]
$\epsilon_\gamma = 1.0$	$0.2973(3)^{+1.9\%}_{-5.4\%}$
$\epsilon_\gamma = 0.5$	$0.2832(7)^{+1.5\%}_{-4.2\%}$
$E_T \gamma \epsilon_\gamma = 10$ GeV	$0.2666(8)^{+1.0\%}_{-7.2\%}$

Results for different parameter choices
of smooth photon isolation prescription
in $l+jets$ decay channel

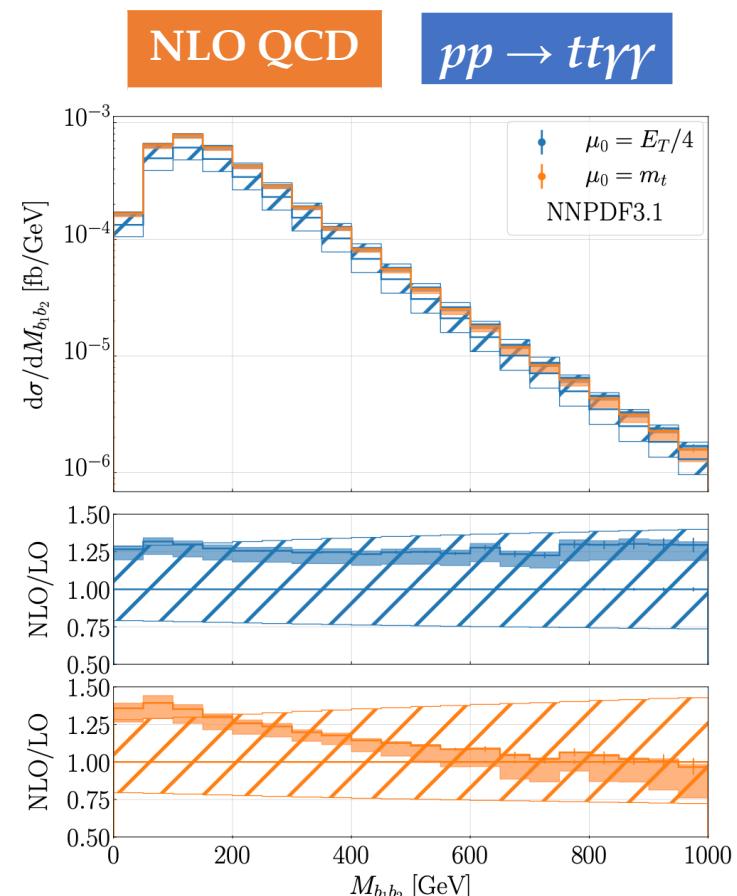
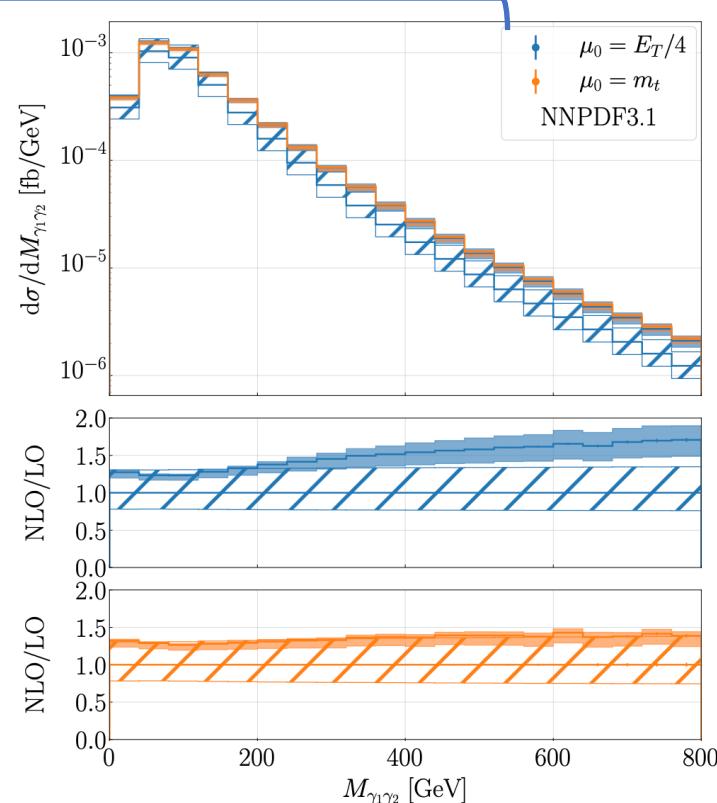
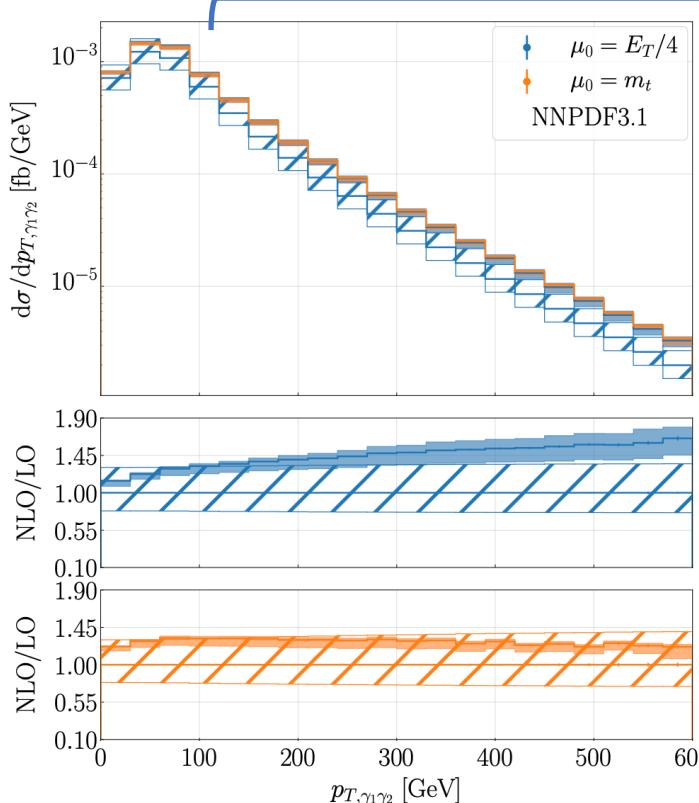
di-lepton decay channel → 3% -- 6%

- Dependence on n & ϵ_γ parameters is not irrelevant
- Could affect comparisons between theoretical predictions and experimental results
- Cross section is reduced by about 5% -- 10%
- Substantial differences due to high number of jets (up to 5) and/or photons (2)
- Differences similar in size or even larger than corresponding NLO scale uncertainties for this process

DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTIONS @ NLO_{QCD}

di-lepton

Background to $pp \rightarrow ttH \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$



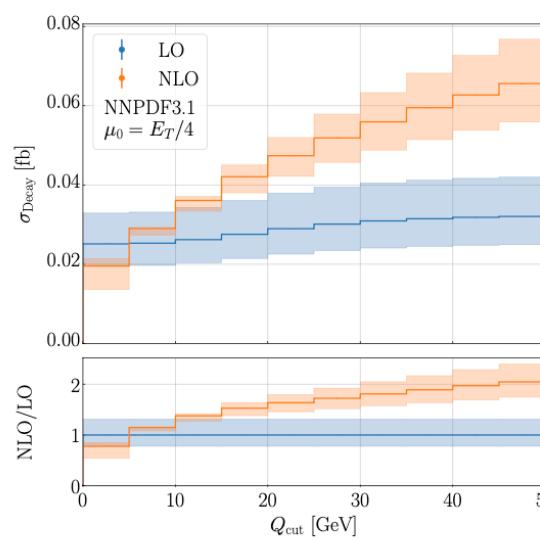
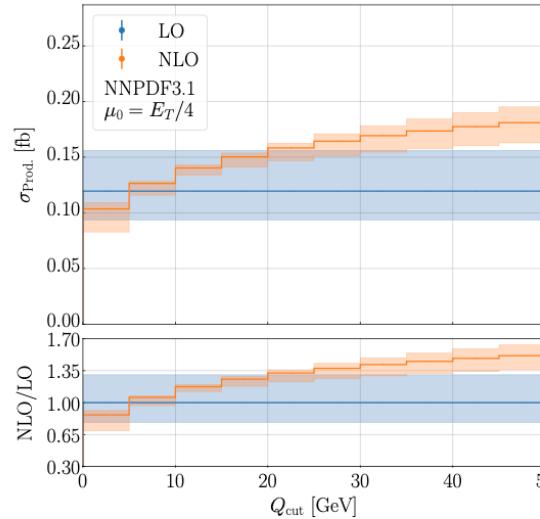
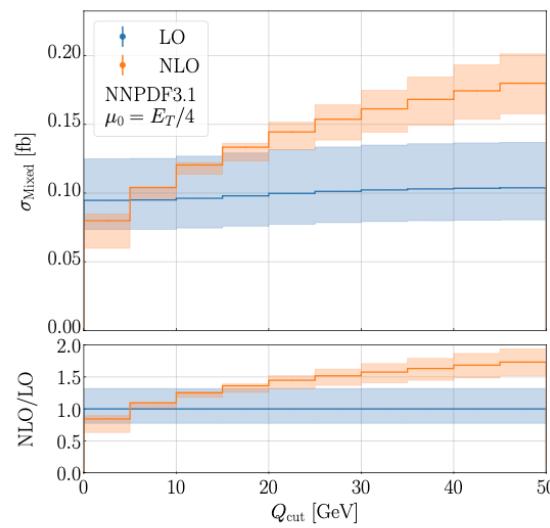
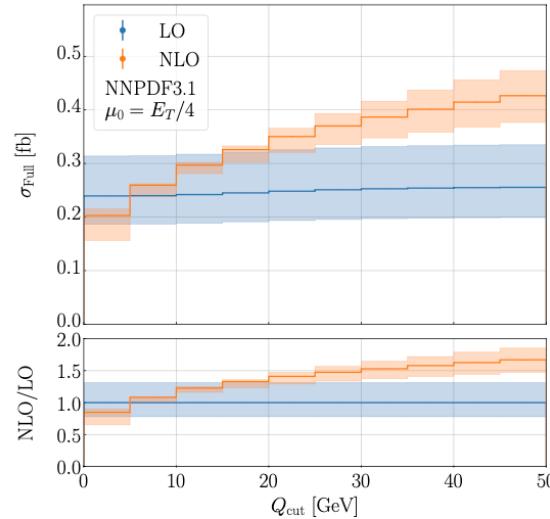
Stremmer, Worek, JHEP 08 (2023) 179

- Results for $\frac{1}{4}E_T$ (blue) & m_t (orange) @ NLO (solid) & LO (dashed)
- Impact of NLO QCD effects on differential distributions substantial
- Higher-order corrections & uncertainties depends on observable & μ_0

INTEGRATED CROSS SECTIONS @ NLO_{QCD}

1+jets

Stremmer, Worek, IHEP 08 (2023) 179



NLO QCD

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma$

- Integrated fiducial cross sections @ LO & NLO QCD as function of Q_{cut} parameter in range of $Q_{\text{cut}} \in (5 - 50) \text{ GeV}$ in steps of 5 GeV

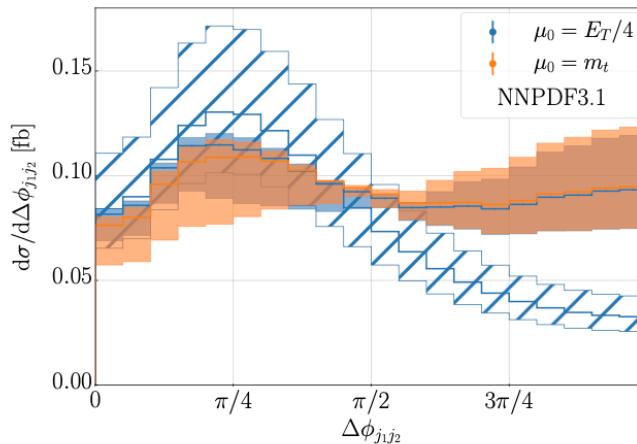
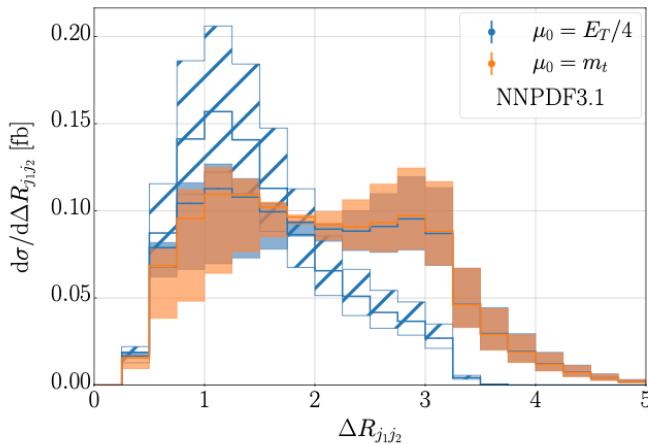
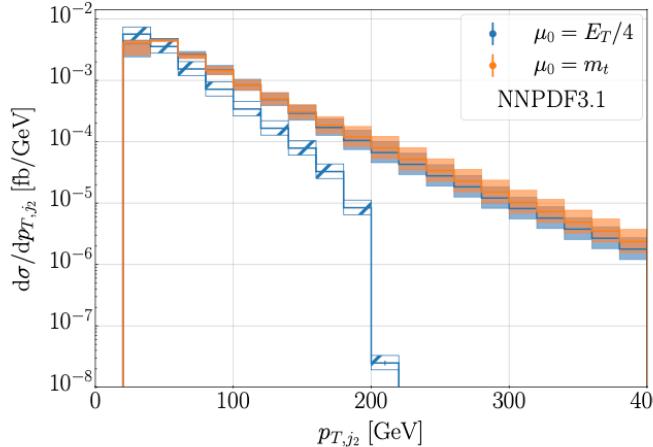
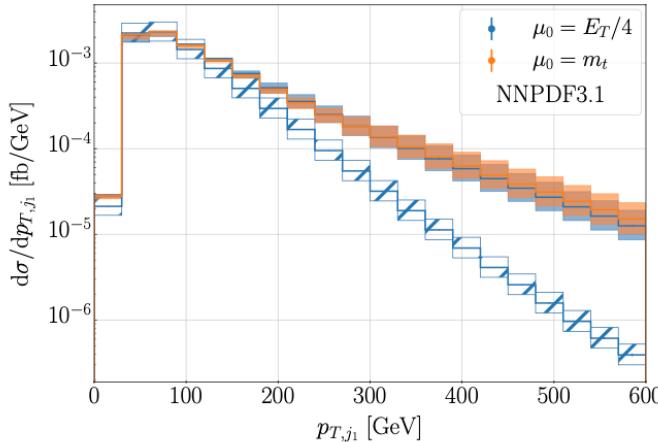
$$|m_W - M_{jj}| < Q_{\text{cut}}$$

- Results are shown for full process & Prod., Mixed & Decay
- Differences between two extreme cases $Q_{\text{cut}} = 5 \text{ GeV}$ & no cut $Q_{\text{cut}} \rightarrow \infty$ is 7% @ LO
- NLO QCD corrections 67% for $Q_{\text{cut}} = 50 \text{ GeV}$
- Up to 140% if $Q_{\text{cut}} \rightarrow \infty$
- We use $|m_W - M_{jj}| < Q_{\text{cut}} = 15 \text{ GeV}$

DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTIONS @ NLO_{QCD}

1+jet

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- Results for $\frac{1}{4} E_T$ (blue) & m_t (orange) @ NLO (solid) & LO (dashed)
- Impact of NLO QCD effects on differential distributions tremendous
- Higher-order corrections & uncertainties depends on observable & μ_0

NLO QCD

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$

$|m_W - M_{jj}| < Q_{cut} = 15 \text{ GeV}$

- No ratio plots are provided due to extreme values in K -factors
- LO phase space of 2 jets restricted due to production mechanism → originate from W
- @ NLO QCD jet can also be produced in $t\bar{t}$ production stage
- This jet that is not affected by kinematical restriction can lead to huge enhancements in p_T tails

DISTRIBUTION OF PHOTONS @ NLO_{QCD}

NLO QCD

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma$

di-lepton

- Photon radiation in production & decays

INTEGRATED LEVEL @ NLO QCD

- $p_{Tb} > 40 \text{ GeV}, p_{T\gamma} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Prod. contribution $\rightarrow 57\%$
- Decay contribution $\rightarrow 43\%$
- With $p_{Tb} > 25 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow 50\% - 50\%$

DIFFERENTIAL LEVEL @ NLO QCD

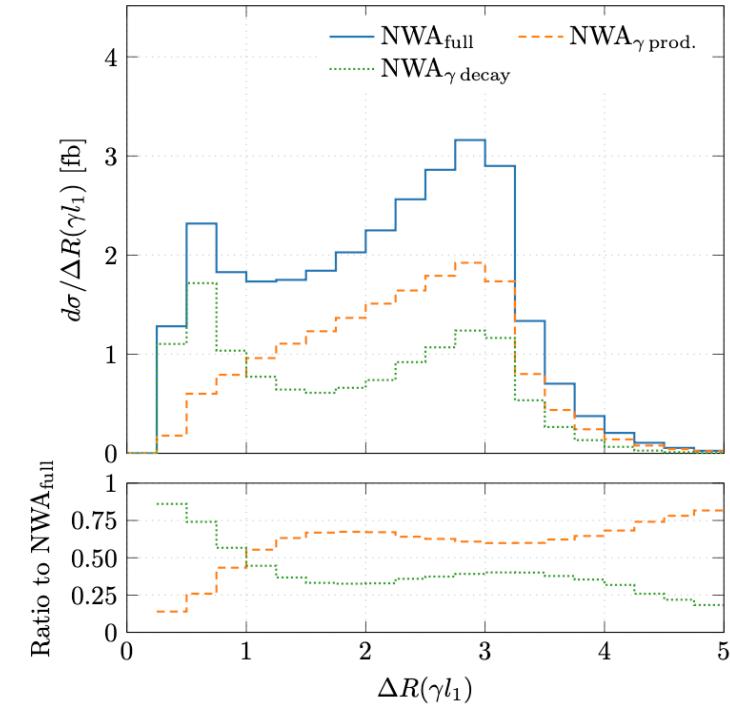
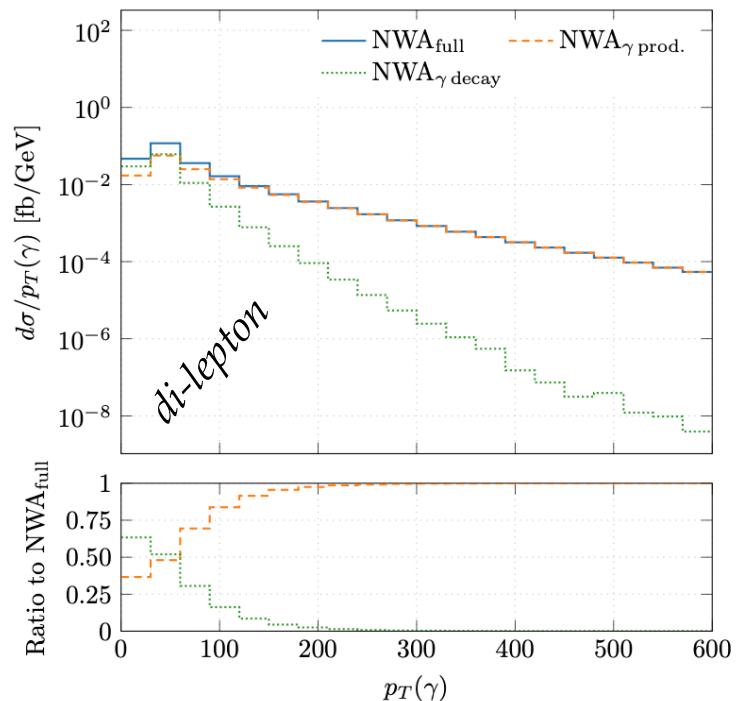
- Various phase-space regions with various effects

Production

$$d\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma}^{\text{NWA}} = d\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma} d\mathcal{B}_{t \rightarrow b e^+ \nu_e} d\mathcal{B}_{\bar{t} \rightarrow \bar{b} \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu}$$

Decays

$$+ d\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \left(d\mathcal{B}_{t \rightarrow b e^+ \nu_e \gamma} d\mathcal{B}_{\bar{t} \rightarrow \bar{b} \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu} + d\mathcal{B}_{t \rightarrow b e^+ \nu_e} d\mathcal{B}_{\bar{t} \rightarrow \bar{b} \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \gamma} \right)$$



DISTRIBUTION OF PHOTONS @ NLO_{QCD}

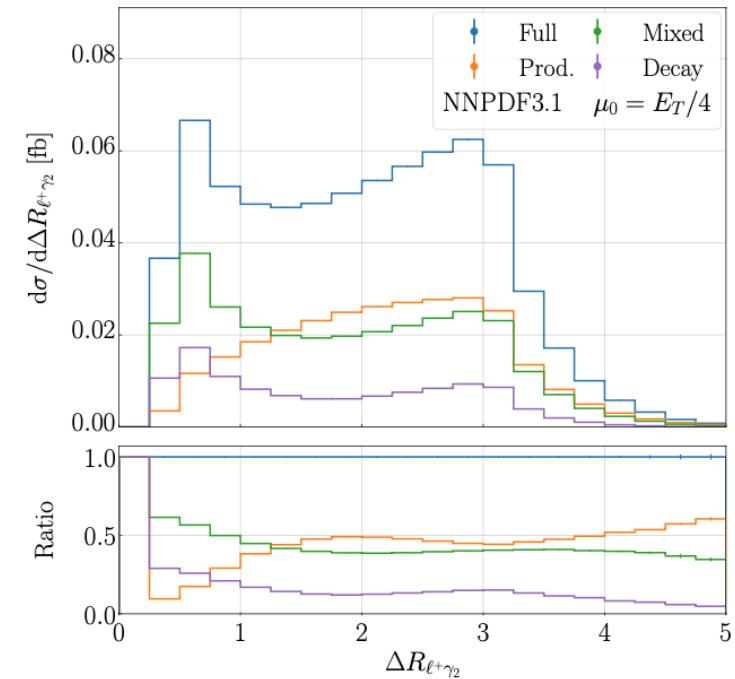
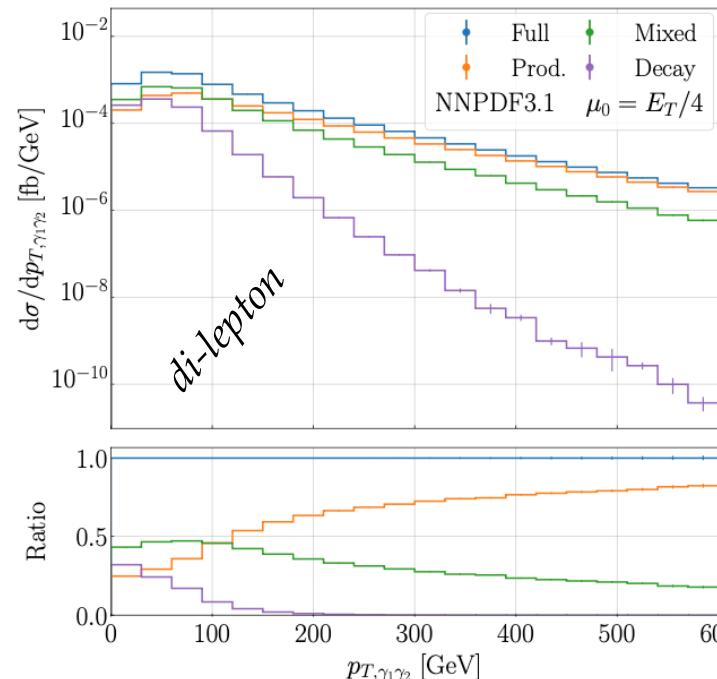
NLO QCD

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma$

di-lepton

- Photon radiation in production & decays
- INTEGRATED LEVEL @ NLO QCD**
 - $p_{Tb} > 25 \text{ GeV}, p_{T\gamma} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
 - Mixed contribution* → 44%
 - Prod. contribution* → 40%
 - Decay contribution* → 16%
- DIFFERENTIAL LEVEL @ NLO QCD**
 - Various phase-space regions with various effects

$$d\sigma_{\text{Full}} = \underbrace{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma} \times \frac{d\Gamma_t}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}}}{\Gamma_t}}_{\sigma_{\text{Prod.}}} + \underbrace{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma} \times \left(\frac{d\Gamma_{t\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}}}{\Gamma_t} + \frac{d\Gamma_t}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \right)}_{\sigma_{\text{Mixed}}} + \underbrace{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \times \left(\frac{d\Gamma_{t\gamma\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}}}{\Gamma_t} + \frac{d\Gamma_t}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}\gamma\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} + \frac{d\Gamma_{t\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \right)}_{\sigma_{\text{Decay}}}.$$



DISTRIBUTION OF PHOTONS @ NLO_{QCD}

NLO QCD

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma$

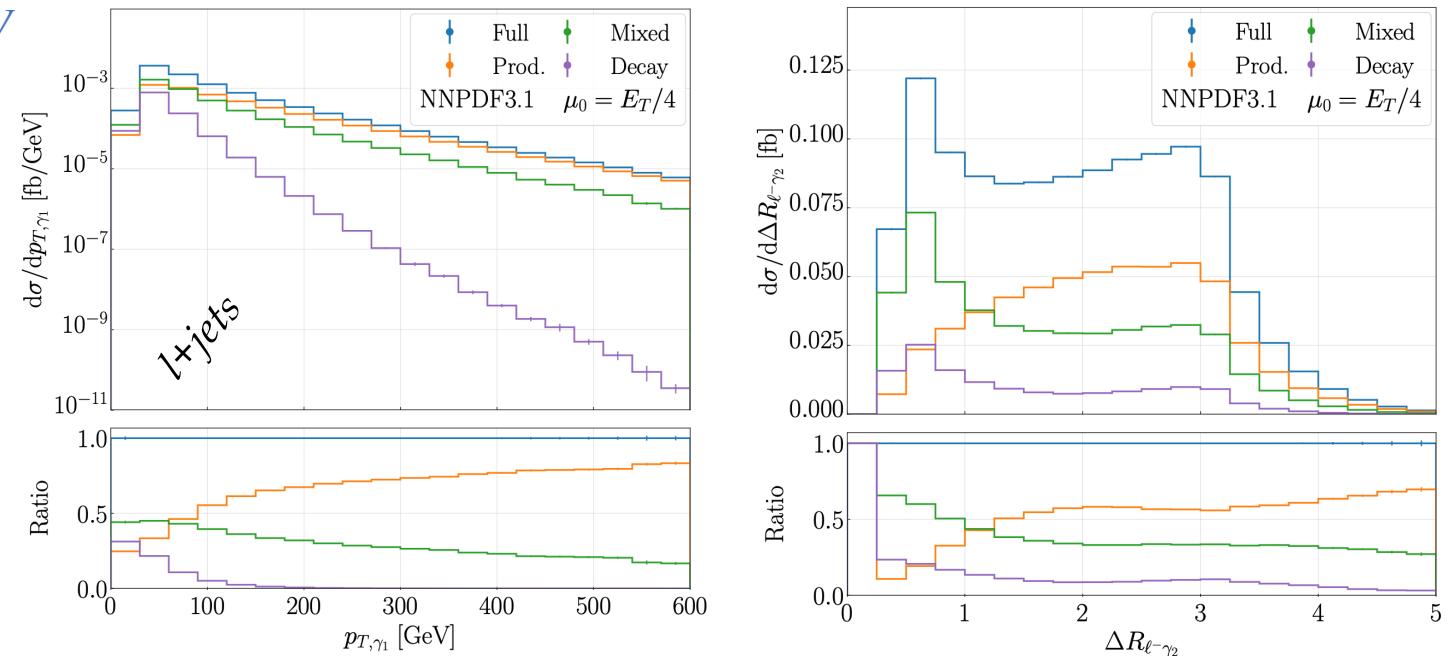
$\gamma + \text{jets}$

- Photon radiation in production & decays
- INTEGRATED LEVEL @ NLO QCD**
with & without $|m_W - M_{jj}| < Q_{cut} = 15 \text{ GeV}$

- $p_{Tb} > 25 \text{ GeV}, p_{Tj} > 25 \text{ GeV}, p_{Ty} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Prod. contribution* $\rightarrow 48\% \rightarrow 40\%$
- Mixed contribution* $\rightarrow 40\% \rightarrow 43\%$
- Decay contribution* $\rightarrow 12\% \rightarrow 17\%$

- DIFFERENTIAL LEVEL @ NLO QCD**
 - Various phase-space regions with various effects

$$d\sigma_{\text{Full}} = d\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma} \times \underbrace{\frac{d\Gamma_t}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}}}{\Gamma_t}}_{\sigma_{\text{Prod.}}} + d\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma} \times \left(\underbrace{\frac{d\Gamma_{t\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}}}{\Gamma_t} + \frac{d\Gamma_t}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}\gamma}}{\Gamma_t}}_{\sigma_{\text{Mixed}}} \right) \\ + d\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \times \underbrace{\left(\frac{d\Gamma_{t\gamma\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}}}{\Gamma_t} + \frac{d\Gamma_t}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}\gamma\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} + \frac{d\Gamma_{t\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{t}\gamma}}{\Gamma_t} \right)}_{\sigma_{\text{Decay}}}.$$



NLO_{QCD} & NLO_{PRD} & NLO

- Differences between LO₁ & LO below 1%
- Differences between NLO_{QCD} & NLO below 1%
- Differences between NLO_{prd} & NLO below 1%

	σ_i [fb]	Ratio to LO ₁
LO ₁	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^5)$	55.604(8) ^{+31.4%} _{-22.3%}
LO ₂	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^1 \alpha^6)$	0.18775(5) ^{+20.1%} _{-15.4%}
LO ₃	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^0 \alpha^7)$	0.26970(4) ^{+14.3%} _{-16.9%}
NLO ₁	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3 \alpha^5)$	+3.44(5)
NLO ₂	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^6)$	-0.1553(9)
NLO ₃	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^1 \alpha^7)$	+0.2339(3)
NLO ₄	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^0 \alpha^8)$	+0.001595(8)
LO		56.061(8) ^{+31.2%} _{-22.1%}
NLO _{QCD}		59.05(5) ^{+1.6%} _{-5.9%}
NLO _{prd}		59.08(5) ^{+1.5%} _{-5.9%}
NLO		59.59(5) ^{+1.6%} _{-5.9%}

Complete NLO

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma$

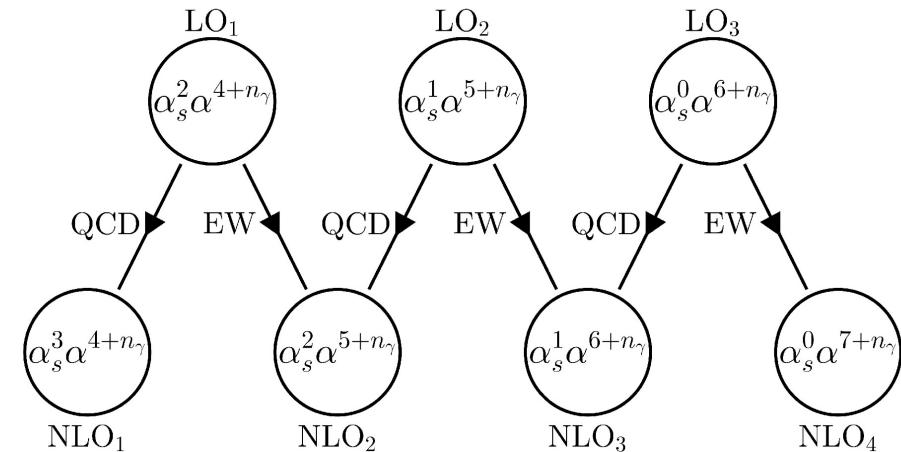
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$$LO = LO_1 + LO_2 + LO_3$$

$$NLO_{QCD} = LO_1 + NLO_1$$

$$NLO = LO_1 + LO_2 + LO_3 + NLO_1 + NLO_2 + NLO_3 + NLO_4$$

$$NLO_{prd} = LO_1 + LO_2 + LO_3 + NLO_1 + NLO_{2,prd} + NLO_{3,prd} + NLO_{4,prd}$$



NLO_{prd} → photon bremsstrahlung & subleading NLO corrections in production only
 → NLO₂ & NLO₃ & NLO₄ approximated
 → LO & NLO₁ complete

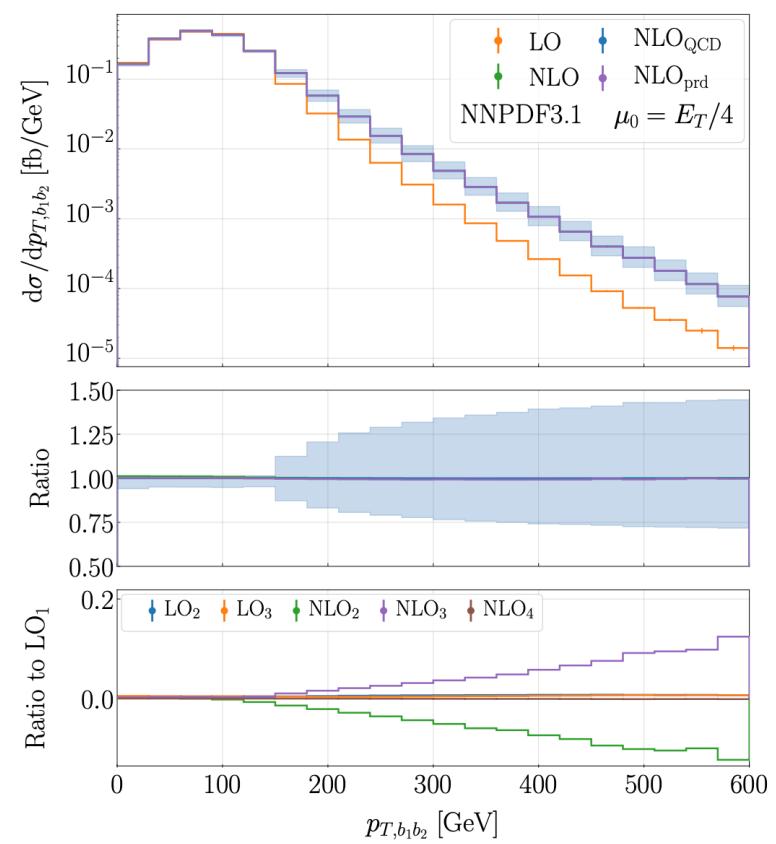
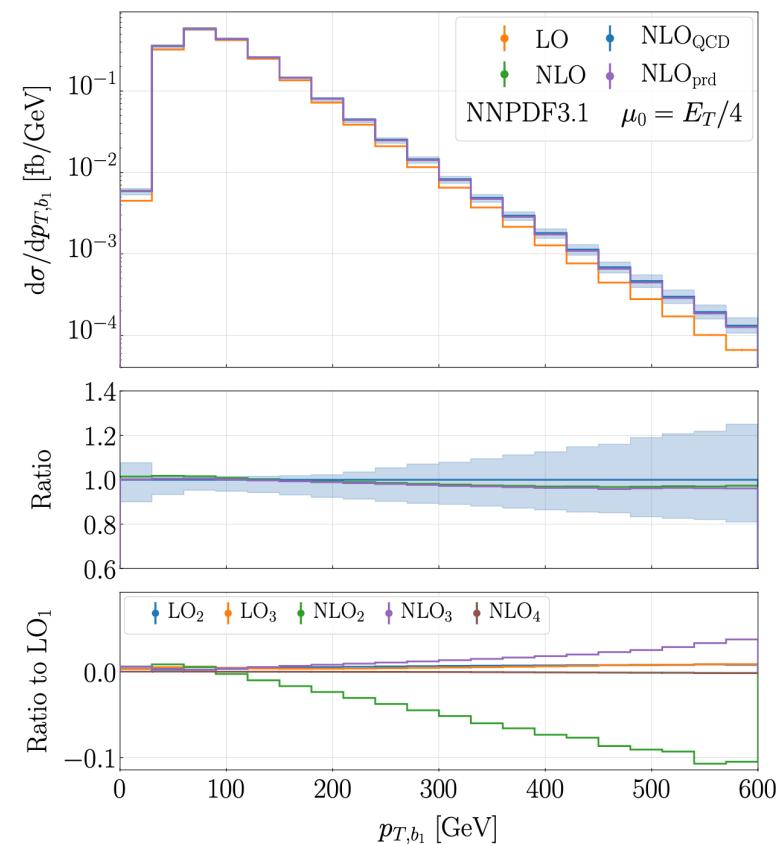
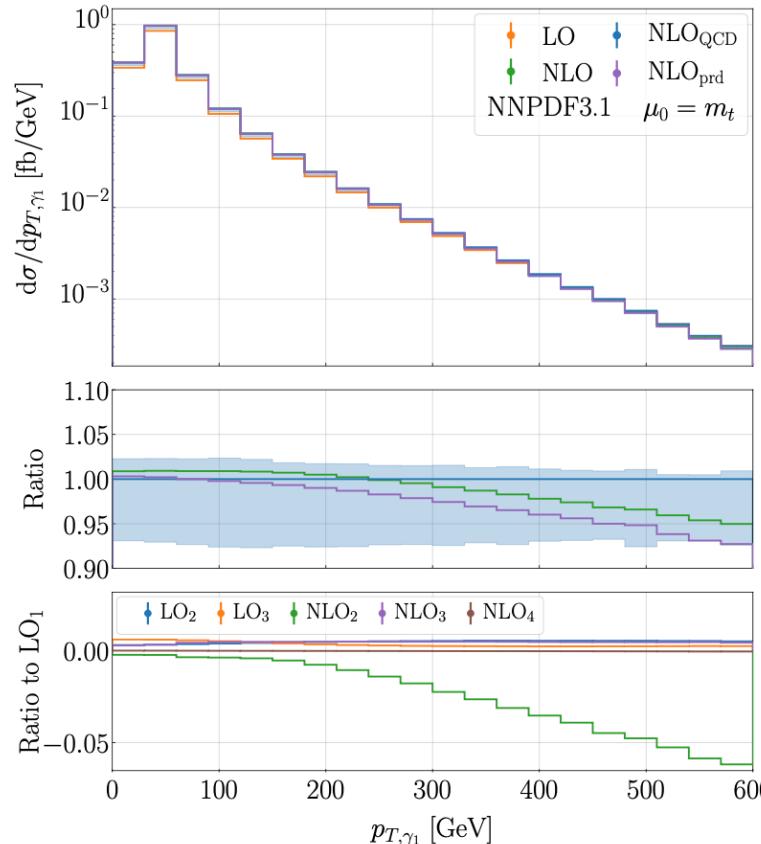
NLO_{QCD} & NLO_{PRD} & NLO

Complete NLO

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma$

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- EW Sudakov logarithms in **NLO₂** leads to reduction in tails of up to **10%** compared to **NLO_{QCD}** result
- Accidental cancellations between **NLO₂ & NLO₃** → Should be considered together
- NLO_{prd}** approximation models complete **NLO** result very well

$\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} \& \text{NLO}_{\text{PRD}} \& \text{NLO}$

Complete NLO

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma$

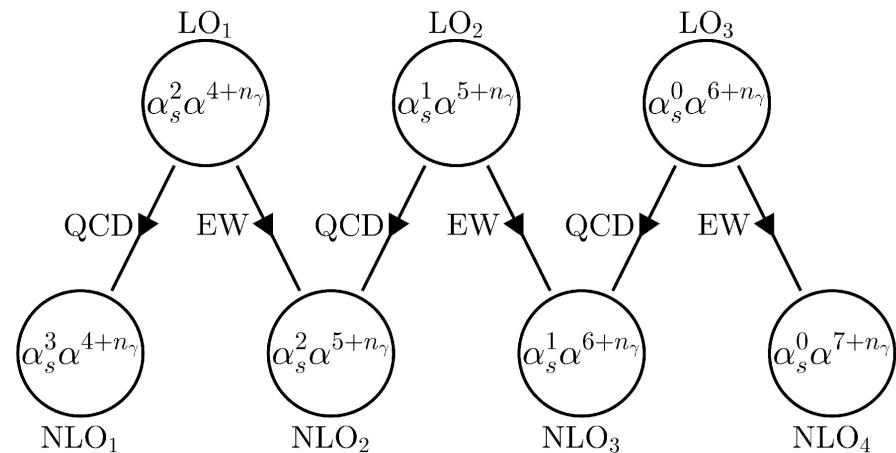
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$$\text{LO} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{LO}_2 + \text{LO}_3$$

$$\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{NLO}_1$$

$$\text{NLO} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{LO}_2 + \text{LO}_3 + \text{NLO}_1 + \text{NLO}_2 + \text{NLO}_3 + \text{NLO}_4$$

$$\text{NLO}_{\text{prd}} = \text{LO}_1 + \text{LO}_2 + \text{LO}_3 + \text{NLO}_1 + \text{NLO}_{2,\text{prd}} + \text{NLO}_{3,\text{prd}} + \text{NLO}_{4,\text{prd}}$$



$\text{NLO}_{\text{prd}} \rightarrow$ photon bremsstrahlung & subleading NLO corrections in production only
 $\rightarrow \text{NLO}_2 \& \text{NLO}_3 \& \text{NLO}_4$ approximated
 $\rightarrow \text{LO} \& \text{NLO}_1$ complete

- Differences between $\text{LO}_1 \& \text{LO}$ below 1%
- Differences between $\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} \& \text{NLO}$ below 1%
- Differences between $\text{NLO}_{\text{prd}} \& \text{NLO}$ below 1%

		$\sigma_i \text{ [fb]}$	Ratio to LO ₁
LO ₁	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^6)$	$0.15928(3)^{+31.3\%}_{-22.1\%}$	1.00
LO ₂	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^1 \alpha^7)$	$0.0003798(2)^{+25.8\%}_{-19.2\%}$	+0.24%
LO ₃	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^0 \alpha^8)$	$0.0010991(2)^{+10.6\%}_{-13.1\%}$	+0.69%
NLO ₁	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3 \alpha^6)$	+0.0110(2)	+6.89%
NLO ₂	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^7)$	-0.00233(2)	-1.46%
NLO ₃	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^1 \alpha^8)$	+0.000619(1)	+0.39%
NLO ₄	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^0 \alpha^9)$	-0.0000166(2)	-0.01%
LO		$0.16076(3)^{+30.9\%}_{-21.9\%}$	1.0093
NLO _{QCD}		$0.1703(2)^{+1.9\%}_{-6.2\%}$	1.0690
NLO _{prd}		$0.1694(2)^{+1.7\%}_{-5.9\%}$	1.0637
NLO		$0.1700(2)^{+1.8\%}_{-6.0\%}$	1.0674

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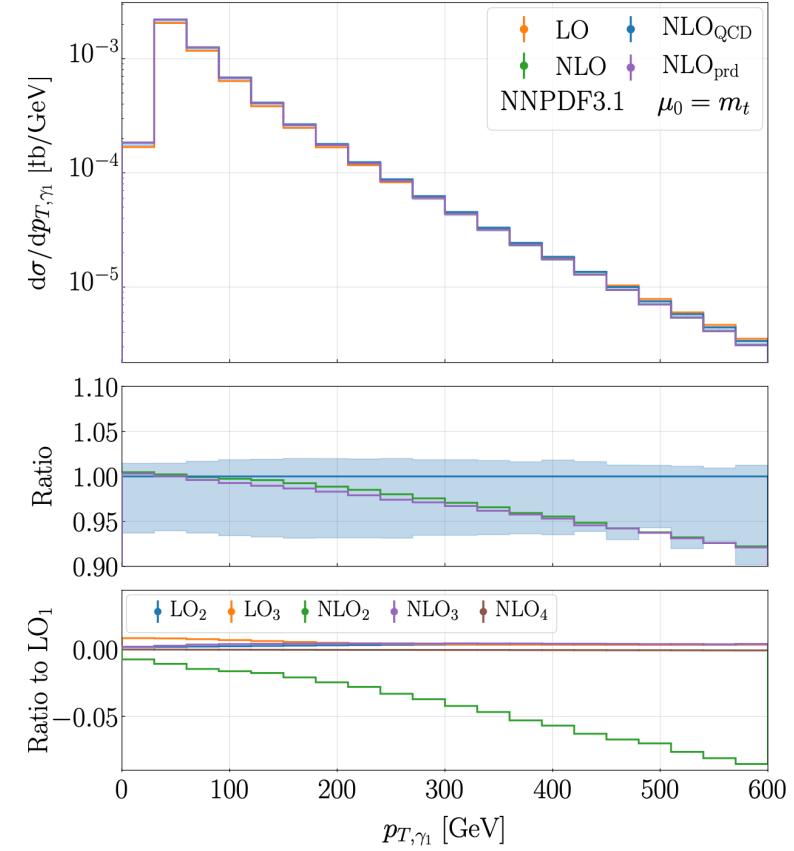
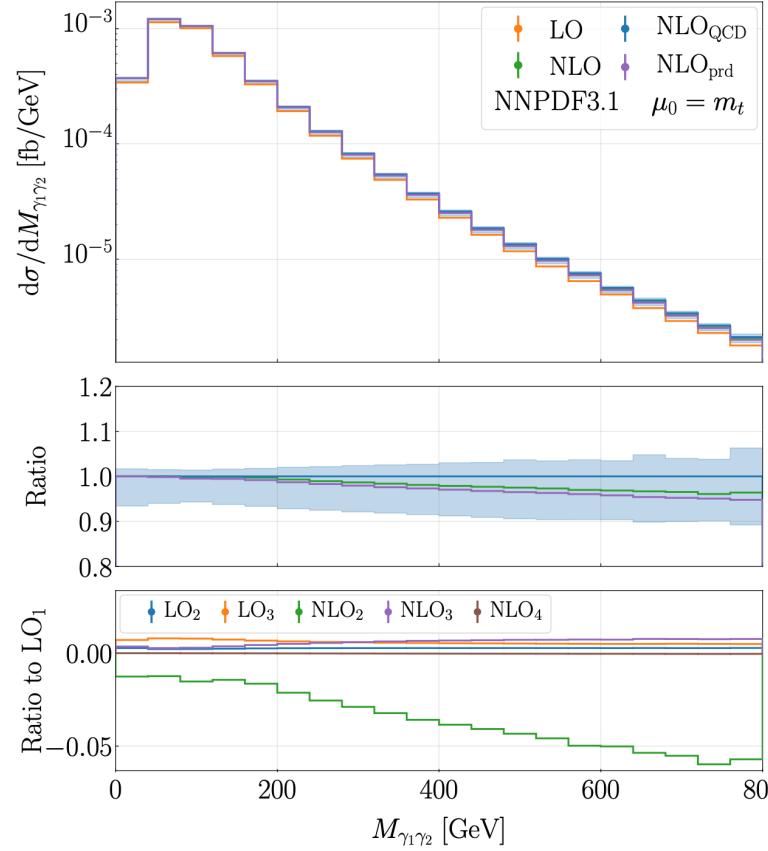
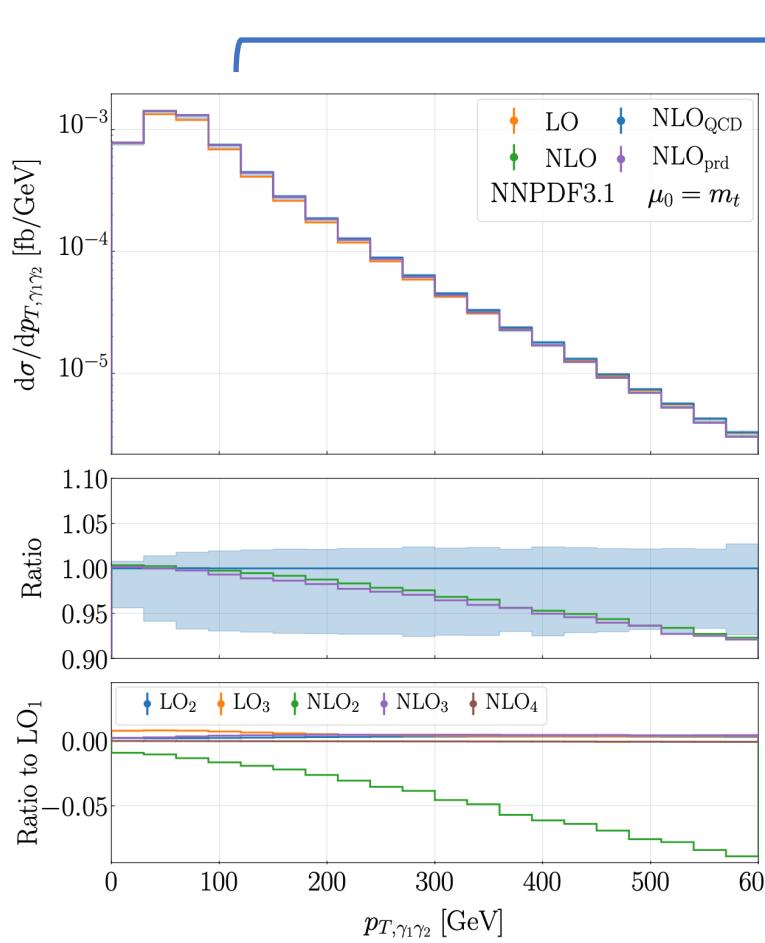
NLO_{QCD} & NLO_{PRD} & NLO

Complete NLO

$pp \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$

di-lepton

Background to $pp \rightarrow ttH \rightarrow tt\gamma\gamma$



- **NLO₂** can be as large as **NLO_{QCD}** scale uncertainties
- Potentially affecting comparison between theory & experiment

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SUMMARY

- Impact of **NLO QCD** effects on differential distributions substantial
- Size of higher-order corrections & uncertainties depends on observable & scale choice
- Photon emission from all charged particles important
- EW Sudakov logarithms in **NLO₂** leads to reduction in tails of up to **10%** compared to **NLO_{QCD}** result
- Accidental cancellations between **NLO₂ & NLO₃** → Should be considered together
- **NLO_{prd}** approximation models complete **NLO** result very well
- **NLO₂** can be as large as **NLO_{QCD}** scale uncertainties → Potentially affecting comparison between theory & experiment